2019 Sample Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Taxing Unit Name

HOUSTON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #2

936/544-3255 EXT 258

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Taxing Unit's Website Address

c/o Houston County Tax Office, 401 E Goliad Ave., Ste. 101, Crockett TX 75835

www.co.houston.tx.us

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Sample Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet for School Districts.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Sample Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this sample worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate

SECTION 1: Effective Tax Rate (No New Taxes)

The effective tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the effective tax rate should decrease. The effective tax rate for a county is the sum of the effective tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

Line Effective Tax Rate Activity		Amount	/Rate
1. 2018 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2018 taxable value on the 2018 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 14).1		¢.	90 <i>6</i> 220 500
2. 2018 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2018 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These		D.	896,330,590
include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2018 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.2			
provision in 2016 of a prior year for nomeowners age 63 or order or disabled, dise this step.2		s	_
3. Preliminary 2018 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.		\$	896,330,590
4. 2018 total adopted tax rate.			0.072647
2018 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2018 appraised value.			
5. A. Original 2018 ARB values:	\$ -		
5. B. 2018 values resulting from final court decisions:	\$ -		
5. C. 2018 value loss. Subtract B from A.s		s	_
6. 2018 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 5C.		Ψ	
		\$	896,330,590
7. 2018 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Enter the 2018 value of property in		<u> </u>	
deannexed territory.4		\$	-

The Property Tax Assistance Division at the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts provides property tax

information and resources for taxpayers, local taxing entities, appraisal districts and appraisal review boards.

For more information, visit our website:

comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

50-856 • 05-19/3

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14) 2 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14) 3 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26,012(15)

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	Effective Tax Rate Arthyly 3			Ammi	nt/Roje
	2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2019. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an				
	existing exemption does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the				
	difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport or goods- in-transit exemptions,	\$	41,720		
	B. Partial exemptions. 2019 exemption amount or 2019 percentage exemption	Ψ.	11,720		
	times 2018 value:	\$	352,150		
	C, Value loss, Add A and B.s			\$	393,870.
	2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal,				323,876.
	recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2019. Use only properties that qualified in 2019 for the first				
	time; do not use properties that qualified in 2018.				
	A. 2018 market value:	\$	202,870		
9.	B. 2019 productivity or special appraised value:	\$	-		
9.	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.s			\$	202,8
10.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 7, 8C and 9C.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		506.5
11.	2018 adjusted taxable value, Subtract Line 10 from Line 6			2	596,7
'''	2010 deputed discussion failed consists and 10 noin Elino 0			\$	895,733,8
12.	Adjusted 2018 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 11 and divide by \$100.			1	**********************
				\$	650,723.
	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax				
	year 2018. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2018.				
- 1					
- 1	Girors. Do not include tellunds for lax year 2010. This line applies only to tax years proceeding tax year 2010.				
	Gildis. Do not include letting for tax year 2010. This line applies only to tax years proceeding tax year 2010.			\$	651.
14.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment			\$	651.
					651.
	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.s			\$	651.
	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment			s	
15.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.8 Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.9				
15.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.6 Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.6 Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total			s	
15.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.e Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.e Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax cellings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or	ę	981 650 170	s	
15. 16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.s Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.s Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.	\$	981,650,170	s	
15. 16. 16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.s Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.s Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.10 B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	\$	981,650,170	s	
15. 16. 16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.s Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.s Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.s B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first	\$	981,650,170	s	
16. 16. 16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.s Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.s Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:		981,650,170	s	
15. 16. 16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.e Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.e Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2019 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing	\$	981,650,170	s	651,375
15. 16. 16. 16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.s Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.s Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	\$	981,650,170	s	

s Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
e Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
7 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
a Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
e Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
10 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
11 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012

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17.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 12 A. 2019 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value. 13.	\$	-	
17.	B. 2019 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value.	\$	-	
17.	C, Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	<u> </u>	\$	
18.	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2018 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.16		\$	
19.	2019 total taxable value. Add Lines 16E and 17C. Subtract Line 18.		s	981,650,170
20.	Total 2019 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2019 value of property in territory annexed.15		\$	
21.	Total 2019 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2018. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2018, and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2019.17		s	5,776,750
22.	Total adjustments to the 2019 taxable value. Add Lines 20 and 21.		\$	5,776,750
23.	2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 22 from Line 19.			975,873,420
24.	2019 effective tax rate. Divide Line 15 by Line 23 and multiply by \$100.16		Ψ	0.06674
25.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the effective tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2019 county effective tax rate. 19			0.00000
Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex.	Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d) Tax Code § 26.01(c) Tax Code § 26.01(d) Tax Code § 26.01(d) Tax Code § 26.012(f) Tax Code § 26.012(f) Tax Code § 26.012(f7) Tax Code § 26.012(17) Tax Code § 26.04(d)		Page 3	

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SECTION 2: Rollback Tax Rate

The rollback tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O): The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus eight percent. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.

 2. Debt: The debt tax rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

 The rollback tax rate for a county is the sum of the rollback tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the rollback tax rate exceeds the effective tax rate, but

occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the effective tax rate to be higher than the rollback tax rate.

ine	Rollback Tax Rate Activity			Amo	unt/Ra	ate	
26.	2018 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate.					0.04	48473
27.	2018 adjusted taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 11.						
				\$	(FIFEFFF	895,73	3,850
	2018 M&O taxes. A. Multiply Line 26 by Line 27 and divide by \$100	\$	434,189.07				
28.	B. Cities, counties and hospital districts with additional sales tax: Amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O		10 1,103101		ШÜ		
	expenses in 2018. Enter amount from full year's sales tax revenue spent for M&O in 2018 fiscal year, if any. Other taxing units enter 0.						
1	Counties exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of						
	sales tax spent.	\$	-				
	C. Counties: Enter the amount for the state criminal justice mandate. If second or later year,						
	the amount is for increased cost above last year's amount. Other taxing units enter 0,	\$					
	D. Transferring function: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written						
	contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If						
	the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in						
	the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in H	l .					
	below. The taxing unit receiving						
	the function will add this amount in H below. Other taxing units enter 0	3			****		
	E. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018: Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before						
	that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years						
	errors, no not include rejunds for tax year 2016. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2018	s	651.47				
		3	031.47				
	F. Enhanced Indigent health care expenditures: Enter the increased amount for the current year's enhanced indigent health care						
	expenditures above the preceding tax year's enhanced						
	indigent health care expenditures, less any state assistance.	\$					
	G. Taxes In TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the						
	taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in						
	Line 16D, enter 0	\$		1000			
	H. Adjusted M&O Taxes. Add A, B, C, E and F. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.			a		1210	240.54
	Subtract G.			\$		434,8	340.54
29.	2019 adjusted taxable value. Enter Line 23 from the Sample Effective Tax Rate Worksheet.			s		075 05	72 420
				12		975,87	73,440
30.	2019 effective maintenance and operations rate. Divide Line 28H by Line 29 and multiply by \$100.					0.0	44559
				+		0,0	74008
31.	2019 rollback maintenance and operation rate. Multiply Line 30 by 1.08.					0.0	48123
ALCO DE	re-information, visit our websiter comptroller, texas, gov/taxes/property-tax.	1		Page 4		0.0	70 12

	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts		Po 50-	356	
	Rollback Tax Rate Activity Total 2019 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.				Rate
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments.	\$ 114	,203.00		
32.	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	\$	-		
32.	C. Subtract amount paid from other resources	\$	-		
32.	D. Adjusted debt. Subtract B and C from A.		15	}	114,203.00
33.	Certified 2018 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.		5	3	
34.	Adjusted 2019 debt. Subtract Line 33 from Line 32D.			3	114,203.00
35.	Certified 2019 anticipated collection rate. Enter the rate certified by the collector. If the rate is 100 percent or greater, enter 100 percent.				100%
36.	2019 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 34 by Line 35			3	114,203.00
37.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 19.			8	981,650,170
38.	2019 debt tax rate. Divide Line 36 by Line 37 and multiply by \$100.				0.011633
39.	2019 rollback tax rate. Add Lines 31 and 38.				0.059756
40.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the rollback tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2019 county rollback tax rate.				0.000000

SECTION 3: Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or

abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its effective and roilback tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its effective tax rate and/or rollback tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

	Activity Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or May 2019, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. 20 Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2018, skip this line.		Amoui \$	nt/Rate	_
42.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counțies exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of SAI	LES TAX RATE			<u> </u>
	sales tax revenue.21	0.0000			
42.	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or in May 2019. Multiply the amount on Line 41 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95.22	_			
	- or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2018. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	-			
42.	Sales Tax Revenue		9		

20 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
21 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(f)
22 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
22 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
For more information, visit our websites comptroller texas: gov/taxes/property-tax

	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	Form 50-856	
ine	Activity	Amoun	t/Rate
43.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.		
		S	981,650,170
44.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 42 by Line 43 and multiply by \$100.		
			0.000000
45.	2019 effective tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.23 Enter the rate from Line 24 or 25, as applicable, on the Sample Effective Tax Rate		
	Worksheet.		
			0.066747
46.	2019 effective tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.		
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or in May 2019. Subtract Line 44 from Line 45. Skip to Line 47 if you		
	adopted the additional sales tax before November 2018.		0.000000
			0.000000
47.	2019 rollback tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.24 Enter the rate from Line 39 or 40, as applicable, of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate		
	Worksheet.		0.050750
			0.059756
48.	2019 rollback tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 44 from Line 47.		
			0.059756
SECT	ION 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control		

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any

land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

ne i	Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control Activity	Amoun	nt/Rate
	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ.25 The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter.25		
		S	_
50.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.		
		\$	981,650,170
51.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 49 by Line 50 and multiply by \$100.		
			0.000000
52.	2019 rollback tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 51 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 39, Line 40		
- 1	(counties) or Line 48 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).		
			0.059756
CTI	ON 5: Total Tax Rate		

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

0.066747 0.059756 0.059756

SECTION 6: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enjer the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit.

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative:

Laronica Smith, Chief Deputy for Danette Millican, TAC

Taxing Unit Representative - Signagure

23 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 24 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 25 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d) 26 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

For more information, visit our website: comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

Form 50-856

2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Houston County ESD #2	936/222-1197
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
P O Box 291, Crockett TX 75835	N/A
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2019 taxable value on the 2019 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17).	s_981,650,170
2.	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	s0
3.	Preliminary 2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ <u>981,650,170</u>
4.	2019 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.07264 /\$100
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value.	
	A. Original 2019 ARB values:	
	B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions: -5 0	
	C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	\$0
6.	2019 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2019 ARB certified value:	
	B. 2019 disputed value: -\$ 0	
	C. 2019 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	\$0
7.	2019 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and Line 6.	\$0

¹ Tex. Tax Code 5 26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	ş <u>981,650,170</u>
9.	2019 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	\$0
10.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2020. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2020 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value: \$ 38,400	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value:	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	ş411,880
11.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2020. Use only properties that qualified in 2020 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2019. A. 2019 market value: \$ 442,000 B. 2020 productivity or special appraised value: -\$ 0	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	. 442.000
12.	Total adjustments for last value Add Lines 0, 100 and 110	\$ 442,000
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	s853,880
13.	Adjusted 2019 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	\$ 980,796,290
14.	Adjusted 2019 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	s 712,519.08
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019.	ş <u>1,376.50</u>
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0. ⁹	\$0.00
17.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 14, and 15, subtract Line 16. 10	ş 713,895.58
18.	Total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹¹	
-	A. Certified values: § 1,025,350,660	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	ì
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2020 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12 \$0	
	-5	

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
6 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
7 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
8 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
9 Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)
10 Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)
10 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
11 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)
12 Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14. \$7,052,970	
	B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$
20.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	s0
21.	2020 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	\$ 1,032,403,630
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2019. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2020 value of property in territory annexed. 18	s0
23.	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2019 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2020. ¹⁹	s8,342,610
24.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ 8,342,610
25.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ 1,024,061,020
26.	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$ 0.06971,2100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$ 0.06971,\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. **Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2019 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2019 M&O tax rate.	\$ 0.06101) _{\$100}
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 981,650,170

¹³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d) 16 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

¹⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26,04(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate			
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	ş <u>598,944.03</u>			
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.				
MATERIAL SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts, enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2019, if any. Other taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	0.00			
	B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. +\$ 1,376	5. <u>50</u>			
	C. 2019 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0\$ O	0.00			
	D. 2019 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in E below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in E below. Other taxing units enter 0.	0.00			
	E. 2019 M&O levy adjustments. Add A and B, then subtract C. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function				
	F. Add Line 30 to 31E.	ş 600,320.53			
32.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 1,024,061,020			
33.	2020 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31F by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.05862 ¹ /\$100			
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³				
	A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	0.00			
	B. 2019 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	0.00			
	c. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	<u>/</u> \$100			
-	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0.00000/\$100			
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health-care expenditures. 24				
A PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	A. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	0.00			
	B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	0.00			
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.				
Parameter Columbia	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0.00000/\$100			

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442

Line		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		-Amount/Rate			
36.	Rate a						
	A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose						
	В.	2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	s0.00				
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00000/\$100	·			
	D.	Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.00000/\$100				
	E.	Enter the lessor of C and D. if not applicable, enter 0.		\$0.00000/\$100			
37.	Rate a	ljustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶	·				
	A.	2020 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020.	\$0.00				
	В.	2019 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019.	\$				
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$0.00000/\$100				
	D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$0.00000/\$100				
	E.	Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$0.00000_/\$100			
38.	Adjusta	ed 2020 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E.		\$ 0.058621/\$100			
39.	Spe - or Oth - or Tax dire con cert	ner Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1,035. ing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared as disaster area, the ct the person calculating the voter-approval rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. tinue to calculate the voter-approval rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the second year in which total taxified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, and 2) the thi	The taxing unit shall axable value on the	\$ <u>0.06067</u> */ _{\$100}			
40.	Total 20 on debt	r in which the disaster occurred. If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenarlo, multiply Line 38 by 1.08. ²⁷ D20 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and p is that: are paid by property taxes, are secured by property taxes,	rincipal that will be paid				
w — VI angerenne, aanstalaana		are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.					
Salitable approximation to the salitable salit	A.	Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments.					
		Enter debt amount.	\$ 135,917.87				
	В.	Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	-\$ <u>0.00</u>	,			
- Company of the Comp		Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	-\$ 0.00				
-		Subtract amount paid from other resources	-\$ <u>0.00</u>	105 017 07			
	E.	Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.		\$ 135,917.87			

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443 ²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c-1) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
41.	Certified 2019 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 28	\$0.00
42.	Adjusted 2020 debt. Subtract Line 41 from Line 40E.	ş <u>135,917.87</u>
43.	2020 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2020 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 29	
	B. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. 98 %	
	C. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate. 99%	
	D. Enter the 2017 actual collection rate. 98 %	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. ³⁰	100%
44.	2020 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 42 by Line 43E.	\$ 135,917.87
45.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş <u>1,032,403,630</u>
46.	2020 debt rate. Divide Line 44 by Line 45 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.01316 ¹ /\$100
47.	2020 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 39 and 46.	\$0.07383 ⁻ /\$100
48.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county voter-approval tax rate.	\$0.07383 ['] /\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	:Amount/Rate
49.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or May 2020, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019, skip this line.	\$0.00
50.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Multiply the amount on Line 49 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34	
de l'indice conseils and de management per	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$0.00
51.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$O
52.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 50 by Line 51 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00000/\$100
53.	2020 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁵ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.00000/\$100
54.	2020 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Subtract Line 52 from Line 53. Skip to Line 55 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2019.	\$0.00000/\$100

²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b) 30 Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

^{31 [}Reserved for expansion]

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(I)

³⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d) 35 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

55.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from Line 47 or 48, as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.00000/\$100
56.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 52 from Line 55.	\$0.00000 _{/\$100}

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
57.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	\$0.00
58.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$0
59.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 57 by Line 58 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.00000/\$100
60.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 59 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 47, Line 48 (counties) or Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$0.00000 _{/\$100}

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

For each tax year before 2020, the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval rate is considered zero, therefore the unused increment rate for 2020 is zero.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 41

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
61.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0.00000/\$100
62.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0.00000/\$100
63.	2017 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2017 actual tax rate and the 2017 unused increment rate from the 2017 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0.00000/\$100
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Add Lines 61, 62 and 63.	\$0.00000 _{/\$100}
65.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 64 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 47, Line 48 (counties), Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 60 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$0.00000/\$100

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 42 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	- Amount/Rate
66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 38 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$0.05862 / \$100

³⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26,045(d)

³⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

³⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

⁴⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

[&]quot; Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1) ⁴² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

⁴³ Tex. Tax Code § 26,063(a)(1)

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
67.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 1,032,403,630
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 67 and multiply by \$100.	\$04843 £ \$100
69.	2020 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 46 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 0.01316/\$100
70.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 66, 68 and 69.	s0.12021%100

·S	Е	CΤ	NO	7.1	otal	Tax F	ate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 54 (adjusted for sales tax).	s 0.06971 ² / _{\$100}
Voter-approval tax rate	\$ 0.07383 s100
De minimis rate	s 0.12021 \$ 5100

SECTION 8: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 44

print here ▶	Danette	Millican,	PCC

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

August 6, 2020

Date

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

Form 50-856

2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

HOUSTON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICE DISTRICT #2	936-222-1197	
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)	
P O BOX 291 CROCKETT, TEXAS 75835	houstoncoesd2@yahoo.com	
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address	

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

	No New Revenue For that Worksheep 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	Amountane	
1.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).1		
2.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	s <u>0</u>	
3.	Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 1,032,403,630	
4.	2020 total adopted tax rate.	\$_0.07383_/\$100	
5.	2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020 appraised value.		
	A. Original 2020 ARB values:		
	B. 2020 values resulting from final court decisions: -\$0		
	C. 2020 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	\$0	
6.	2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.		
	A. 2020 ARB certified value:		
	B. 2020 disputed value:		
	C. 2020 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	\$ <u>0</u>	
7.	2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	s0	

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁴Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

- Estimated	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 1,032,403,630
9.	2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	s0
10.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value: \$ 38,200	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020 value: +\$ 544,120	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	s582,320
11.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020.	
	A. 2020 market value:	-
	B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value: -\$ 0	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. ⁷	s 286,830
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	s 869,150
13.	2020 captured value of property in a TiF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	sO
14.	2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 1,031,534,480.00
15.	Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	s 761,581.91
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. 9	s3,036.49
17.	Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16.10	ş 764,618.40
18.	Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹¹	
	A. Certified values: \$ 1,049,686,140	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: \$	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
	E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	, 1,049,686,140

Fax. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.032(c)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)

	No New Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2021 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
	B. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ <u>0</u>
20.	2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	s0
21.	2021 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	s 1,049,686,140
22.	Total 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in territory annexed. ¹⁸	s0
23.	Total 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2020 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2021. ¹⁹	s_13,902,320
24.	Total adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ 13,902,320
25.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	ş 1,035,783,820
26.	2021 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$_0.07382/\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$ 0.00000/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

discount.	Line : Voie-Approval factifate Workshee : Amount/Rate			
	28.	2020 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2020 M&O tax rate.	\$_0.06067/\$100	
	29.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,032,403,630	

¹³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17) 19 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

30.	Total 2	020 M&0 levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		\$ 626,359.28
31.	Adjust	ed 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	A.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not	:	
		include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020	+\$ 3,036.49	
	В.	2020 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0	-\$0.00	
	C.	2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	+/-\$ 0.00	
	D.	2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	., 4	
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.		\$ <u>629,395.77</u>
32.	Adjust	ed 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		\$ 1,035,783,820.00
33.	2021 N	INR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$_0.06076/\$10
34.	Rate a	djustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³		,
	A.	2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	e. \$ <u>0.00</u>	
	В.	2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	-s 0.00	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	* Income pour les manuelles autonomes permetaigne	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	Annual Control of Cont	\$ 0.0000 /\$10
35.	Rate a	djustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴		
	A.	2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	\$0.00	
	В.	2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received		
	***************************************	for the same purpose	-\$ <u>0.00</u>	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ _0.0000/\$100.	
		Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		s 0.00000 _{/\$10}

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

		Voter Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
36.	Rate ac	justment for county indigent defense compensation. 25		
	A.	2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$0.00	
	В.	2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	s0.00	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	
	D.	Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000/\$100	
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$_0.00000/\$100
37.	Rate ac	ljustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶		
10 mm com a mar della martina	A.	2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	\$	
	В.	2020 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020.	\$0.00	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.00000/\$100	
	D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$_0.00000/\$100	
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ <u>0.00000</u> /\$100
38.	for the	ijustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies ion of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0	to municipalities with a	
	A.	Amount appropriated for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	\$	
	В.	Expenditures for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.	\$0.00	
dependence of the same services	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ _0.00000/\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$_0.00000/\$100
39.	Adjust	ed 2021 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.		\$_0.06076/\$100
40.	tional s	ment for 2020 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that co ales tax on M&O expenses in 2020 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate fo units, enter zero.		
	A.	Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2020, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	\$0.00	,
	В.	Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000/\$100	
-	c.	Add Line 40B to Line 39.	unaan in maa vanaagia valahti kasisidti – siir dheri 8000 – sey 2000 – 1000 – 1000 – 1000 – 1000 – 1000 – 1000	\$_0.06076 _{/\$100}
41.	Sp	oter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. ecial Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.	·	\$ 0.06289/\$100
	- o	r - her Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.		

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$_0.00000 _{/\$100}
42.	Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes,	
	(2) are secured by property taxes,	
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
A COMPANY OF THE PROPERTY OF T	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28	
	Enter debt amount \$ 135,612.60	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) \$ 0.00	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources.	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	s 135,612.60
43.	Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector, ²⁹	THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF
73.	ter uned 2020 excess debt confections. Enter the amount certained by the confection.	\$
44.	Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	ş 135,612.60
45.	2021 anticipated collection rate.	
***************************************	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	
	B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	
	C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. 98%	
	D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate. 99%	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	100%
46.	2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	s 135,612.60
47.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,049,686,140
48.	2021 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.01291 _{/\$100}
49.	2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$_0.07581 _{/\$100}
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	\$_0.00000/\$100

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a)

²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)

²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

³⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b)

³¹ Tex. Tax Code § 56.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Mality Americans (12)
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county voter-approval	
	tax rate.	\$_0.00000/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Une Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet		
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or May 2021, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020, enter 0.	s0.00
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. ³⁴	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$0.00
53.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,049,686,140.00
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.00000_/\$100
55.	2021 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_0.07382/\$100
56.	2021 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2020.	\$_0.00000_/\$100
57.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.07581 /\$100
58.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$ <u>0.07581</u> /\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

15430	Annum/Rate / Vote: Approval hate addissipent for followin Comput Regularinens Morestee: Annum/Rate			
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	\$0.00		
60.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş <u>1,049,686,140.00</u>		
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.00000/\$100		
62.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$ 0.07581/\$100		

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(I)

³⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d) 35 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 37 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

³⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

	Unised increment liste Worldheir:	Amolinvitate
63.	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$_0.00000/\$100
64.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	s_0.00000 _{/\$100}
65.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$ 0.00000/\$100
66.	2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$_0.00000/\$100
67.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$_0.07581/\$100

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The deminimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 49 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Uni De Minimis Rate Worksheet : Amount/Rate			
68.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$_0.06076 _{/\$100}	
69.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,049,686,140.00	
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.04763 _{/\$100}	
71.	2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.01291 _{/\$100}	
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$_0.12131 _{/\$100}	

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.40

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Sections 26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.
- 39 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)
- 40 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)
- 41 Tex. Tax Code §§ 26,0501(a) and (c)
- 42 Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022
- 43 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)
- 44 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)
- 45 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)
- 47 Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)
- ⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

In future tax years, this section will also apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

	Line Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet Amount/Rate				
73.	2020 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_0.00000/\$100			
74.	Adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2020 and the taxing unit calculated its 2020 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2020 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. — or — If a disaster occurred prior to 2020 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2020, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2020 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. — or — If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$_0.00000/\$100			
75.	Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$ <u>0.00000</u> /\$100			
76.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_1,031,534,480.00			
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$0.00			
78.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,035,783,820.00			
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100.49	\$_0.00000/\$100			
80.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$_0.00000/\$100			

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

\$ 0.07382/\$100 As applicable, enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax).

Indicate the line number used:

s 0.07581_{/\$100}

As applicable, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). indicate the line number used:

s 0.12131/5100 If applicable, enter the 2021 de minimis rate from Line 72.

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 50

print. here

ica Smith

of Taxing Unit Representative

sign here #

Taxing Unit Representative

7/27/2

Date

⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

⁴⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁵⁰ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

Form 50-856

2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

HOUSTON COUNTY ESD2	713-724-0364
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
P O BOX 291 CROCKETT, TEXAS 75835	WWW.HOUSTONCOUNTYESD2.COM
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax cellings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	\$ 1,049,686,140
2.	2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$ 0
3.	Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 1,049,686,140
4.	2021 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.073820 /\$100
5.	2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.	4
	A. Original 2021 ARB values:	
	B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions: -\$	
	C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	\$ 0
6.	2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2021 ARB certified value: \$	
	B. 2021 disputed value: -\$ 0	
	C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A.4	\$ 0
7.	2021 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ 0

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	
8.	2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 1,049,686,140
9.	2021 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021. Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	\$0
10.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2021 market value: \$ 25,480	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value:	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. ⁶	\$ 295,820
11.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022. Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.	
	A. 2021 market value:	
	B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value:\$	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	\$ 204,280
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 500,100
13.	2021 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2021 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. ⁸ If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$0
14.	2021 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 1,049,186,040
15.	Adjusted 2021 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 774,509
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. 9	\$899
17.	Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	\$
18.	Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹¹	
	A. Certified values: \$ 1,238,117,490	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2022 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
6 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
7 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
8 Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)
8 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
10 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
11 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)
12 Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	/Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
	B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$569,100
20.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	\$0
21.	2022 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	\$ 1,238,686,590
22.	Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed. ¹⁸	\$0
23.	Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to exist-ing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2021 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2022. ¹⁹	\$14,826,750
24.	Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ 14,826,750
25.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$1,223,859,840
26.	2022 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$0.063357 _{/\$100}
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet Amount/Rate			
28.	2021 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2021 M&O tax rate.	\$0.060910/\$100	
29.	2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,049,686,140	

¹³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d) 16 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17) 19 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2	021 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	\$639,363
31.	Adjusto		
	A.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021	
	В.	2021 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2022 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0\$ 0	
are the control of th	c.	2021 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0	
	D.	2021 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.	\$640,262
32.	Adjuste	ed 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,223,859,840
33.	2022 N	NR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.052314_/\$100
34.	Rate ac	ljustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³	
	A.	2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they	
		have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$0	
	В.	2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
35.	Rate ac	ljustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴	
	A.	2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose \$0	
	8.	2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. \$\$	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex, Tax Code § 26,044 ²⁴ Tex, Tax Code § 26,0441

		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
36.	Rate a		
	A.	2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	В.	2021 Indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D.	Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0 _{/\$100}
37.	Rate ac	ljustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶	Marie Carlos Car
	A.	2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	
	В.	2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
38.	for the	ljustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a cion of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information.	
	A.	Amount appropriated for public safety in 2021. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	
	В.	Expenditures for public safety in 2021. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
39.	Adjusto	ed 2022 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	\$
40.	Adjustment for 2021 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2021 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2022 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.		
	A.	Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2021, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	
	В.	Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	C.	Add Line 40B to Line 39.	\$
41.	2022 v	oter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.	\$ 0.054144/\$100
	Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.		
	- oi Oti	ner Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.	

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksneet	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2022 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 27 If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$0/\$100
42.	Total 2022 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	
	(1) are paid by property taxes,	
	(2) are secured by property taxes,	
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	(4) the flot classified in the taxing white budget as most expenses.	
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28	
	Enter debt amount	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$ 156,078
43.	Certified 2021 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$ 0
44.	Adjusted 2022 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$156,078
45.	2022 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	
	B. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate	
	C. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	
	09.00	
	Effect the 2017 decidal concertor states are	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	103.00%
46.	2022 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$151,532
47.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$\$
48.	2022 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.012233_/\$100
49.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2022 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	
	Add Line P-11 and 40.	\$/\$100

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7) ²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ³⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b) ³¹ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate	
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county voter-approval		
	tax rate.	\$ <u>0_</u> /\$100	ŀ

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Ą	mount/Rate	
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or May 2022, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021, enter 0.	\$		0_
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33			
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95.34 - or -			
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$	***************************************	0
53.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	1,238,686,5	90
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$	0_/\$	100
55.	2022 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	0.063357_/\$	100
56.	2022 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2021.	\$	0.063357 _{/\$}	100
57.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 36 Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	0.066377 _{/\$}	100
58.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$	0.066377 /5	100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

line	Line Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet Amount/Rate				
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	\$0			
60.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,238,686,590			
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$0 _{/\$100}			
62.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$0.066377_/\$100			

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i)

³⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) ³⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

³⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(I)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. ⁴³

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	2021 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$0.001990_/\$100
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$0/\$100
65.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0/\$100
66.	2022 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$0.001990_/\$100
67.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$0.068367_/\$100

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. ⁴⁵
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. ⁴⁵

The	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2022 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$ 0.052314 /\$100
69.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,238,686,590
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.040365_/\$100
71.	2022 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.012233_/\$100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.⁴⁶

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the
 assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster
 occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

³⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

⁴⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)

⁴² Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

⁴⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a) ⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Ernergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	2021 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$0.073820 _{/\$100}
74.	Adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2021 and the taxing unit calculated its 2021 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2021 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2021 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2021, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2021 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. ⁴⁸ Enter the final adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$0/\$100
75.	Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$0.073820 _{/\$100}
76.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,049,186,040
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$
78.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,223,859,840
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$0/\$100
80.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$0.068367/\$100

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-new-revenue tax rate.	\$ 0.063357_/\$100
As applicable, enter the 2022 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales	
tax). Indicate the line number used: <u>26</u>	
Voter-approval tax rate	\$ 0.068367_/\$100
tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue).	
Indicate the line number used:67	
De minimis rate.	\$ 0.104912 /\$100
If applicable, enter the 2022 de minimis rate from Line 72	

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 50

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harmica Smith

sign here ▶

Taxing Unit Representative

July 28, 202

⁴⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

⁴⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁵⁰ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

HOUSTON COUNTY ESD2 C/O KEN LAIR	713-724-0364
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
P O BOX 291 CROCKETT, TEXAS 75835	WWW.HOUSTONCOUNTYESD2.COM
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements,

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption,

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease,

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes, in this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Dine	No:New-Hevenue Tax:Rate Worksheet	Armount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	1,238,686,590 \$
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 1,238,686,590
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	\$
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value.	100 W. 4 F. 4-11 LOV-17-1-11 19 FEB 10-00-40-3 Web 10 FEB 1-1-1-1-1 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
	A. Original 2022 ARB values:	
	B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions:5	
	C. 2022 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	\$
б.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.	
	A. 2022 ARB certified value:	
	B. 2022 disputed value:	
	C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	\$ <u></u>
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ 0

¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.012[14]

² Tex. Tax Code 526.012[14)

³ Tex. Tax Code 526.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Line	No-New:RevenueTax:Rate(Worksheet ***	Amount/Rate
8,	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$
9,	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	\$ 0
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value: \$ 108,120	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value:	
	C. Value loss. Add \(\Lambda\) and B. 6	\$ 811,820
11.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022. A. 2022 market value: \$ 4,403,030	·
	B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: -\$	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.7	\$
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 5,214,850
13,	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$ 0
14.	2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 1,233,471,740
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 843,287
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	\$ 587
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16.10	\$ 843,874
18,	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax cellings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	
	A. Certified values:	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: \$	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
	Tallat 50 for included any new property value that will be included in line 25 below.	

³ Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
4 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
7 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
8 Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)
9 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
18 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
11 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(2)
12 Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

Line	e ye No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet ye ya 1997 ya 1	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest, 14	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ 0
20.	2023 tax ceilings. Countles, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	\$ <u>0</u>
21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. ¹⁷	\$ 1,390,985,780
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$_0
23.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. 15	\$_20,761,650
24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value, Add Lines 22 and 23,	\$ 20,761,650
25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ <u>1,370,224,130</u>
26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100, 20	\$
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

TO SECOND	Line	Voter Approval Taxihate Worksheet en steer and a steer steer and a steer steer steer steer steer steer steer st	3-24 Amount/Rate.
	28.	2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	\$
	29.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tox Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,238,686,590

¹³ Tex, Tax Code \$26,01(c) and (d)
¹⁴ Tex, Tax Code \$26,01(c)
¹⁵ Tex, Tax Code \$26,01(d)
¹⁶ Tex, Tax Code \$26,012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code \$26,012(6) ¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code \$26,012(17)

¹⁹ Tex, Tax Code §26,012(17) 20 Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(d)

(Lin		. Voter: Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate (I)
30.	Total	2022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		\$ 695,324
31.	Adjus	ted 2022 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	A. B.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	+ \$ 587	
	Б.	2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	-\$	
	c.	2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0,	-/- \$ ⁰	
	D.	2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	\$ _587	•
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.	ω_{n+1}	\$ 695,911
32.	Adjust	ed 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	.1	\$
33.	2023 N	NR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$_0.050788/\$100
34.		ljustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³ pplicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A.	2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	\$	
	В.	2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	- \$ ⁰	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0 /\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$
35.		justment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴ oplicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A.	2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount pald by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	\$ 0	
	В.	2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	- \$ <u>0</u>	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$
J				

¹² [Reserved for expansion]

²³ Tex, Tax Code \$26,044

²⁴ Tex, Tax Code \$26,0441

Llin	e e e e	Voter Approval Jax Rate Worksheet (1997) as a minimum of the control of the contr		/Amount/	ate
36		adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. ²⁵ t applicable or less than zero, enter 0.			
	A.	2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$ <u> </u>		
	B.	2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$		
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0 /\$100		
	D,	Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100			
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		0 \$	/\$100
37.	Rate :	adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶ applicable or less than zero, enter 0.	ACC TO THE HEALTH BOOK of STATE AND ALTHOUGH STATE AND A COLUMN STATE OF STATE	A print and the property of the second secon	
	A.	2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	0 \$		
	В.	2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	\$		
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0 /\$100		
	D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$		
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.		0 \$	/\$100
38,	ity for	djustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only appli liation of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor, See Tax Code Se ation.	les to municipalities with	ak haraf di mingakan 1 rahih kan Lumah di pengapakan an 1 rahi	Фе ф ессионност
	A.	Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	\$ 0		
	В.	Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.	\$ <u>0</u>		
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$_0/\$100		
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$	/\$100
39.	Adjust	ed 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.		\$_0,050788	/\$100
40.	tional s	ment for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that coll ales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate fo units, enter zero.	ected and spent addi- r 2023 in Section 3. Other	ТВИН (ВИЗУЧНО («БИЗУЧНО «БИЗИ»). Побудов для одницов	Annual Program Programmes
	A.	Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any. Countles must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent.	\$		
	В.	Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$/\$100		
	C.	Add Line 40B to Line 39.		\$ 0.050788	/\$100
41.	Spe - or			\$_0.052565	_/\$100
	Oth	ner Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.			

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26,0442 ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26,0443

	ne zevoter Approval Lax RateWorksheet	/ Amount/Rate
D4	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 27 If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$_0/\$100
42.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses. A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. Enter debt amount § 124,410 Enter debt amount § 0 124,410 5 0	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) — \$ 0 D. Subtract amount paid from other resources — \$ 0 E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	s 124,410
43.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$ 0
44.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$ 124,410
45.	2023 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	·
	B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate	
	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate.	
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate, 100.00	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	101.00
46.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$ 123,178 \$
47.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ <u>1,390,985,780</u>
48.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$
49.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$
O49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	\$

²⁷ Yex, Tax Code \$26,042(a)

28 Yex, Tax Code \$26,012(7)

29 Tex, Tax Code \$26,012(10) and 26,04(b)

30 Tex, Tax Code \$26,04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

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Sistema	Line	Noter Approval Pak Rate Worksheets (1997)	Amount/Rate
1	50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval	
		tax rate.	\$/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and it seriax Worksheet 1997	Amount/Rate v ,
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	\$
52,	Estimated sales tax revenue. Countles exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95, 34	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$ 0
53.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet,	1,390,985,780 \$
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
55,	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁵ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	0.061586 \$/\$100
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	\$ 0.061586 /\$100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution: Control Requirements (Worksheet)	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	5
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,390,985,780
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$ 0.061420 /\$100

³² Tex. Tax Code \$26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code 526.041(I)

³⁴ Tex, Tax Code §26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code \$26,04(c) 36 Tex. Tax Code 526,04(c)

³⁷ Tex. Tax Code \$26,045(d)

³⁸ Tex. Tax Code \$26,045(I)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line		Unused Incrament/Rate/Worksheet 2		// Amount/Rate
63.	Year 3	component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-appro	val tax rate.	
	A.	Voter-approval taxrate (Line 67)	\$ 0.066377 /\$100	
	В.	Unused increment rate (Line 66).	\$ 0.001990 /\$100	
	c.	Subtract B from A	\$	
	D.	Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.068367 /\$100	
	E.	Subtract D from C	\$ -0.003980 /\$100	
64.	Year 2	component. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approx	val tax rate.	
ŀ	A.	Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67)	\$ 0.075810 /\$100	
	В,	Unused increment rate (Line 66)	\$	
	c.	Subtract B from A	\$ 0.075810 /\$100	
	D.	Adopted Tax Rate.	\$	
	E.	Subtract D from C.	\$	
65.	Year 1	component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approx	val tax rate.	
	A.	Voter-approval tax rate (Line 65)	\$ 0.073830/\$100	
	В.	Unused increment rate (Line 64)	\$ 0.000000 /\$100	
	c.	Subtract B from A	\$ 0.073830 /\$100	
	D,	Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.073830 /\$100	
	E.	Subtract D from C	\$	
66.	2023 u	nused increment rate. Add Lines 63E, 64E and 65E,		\$ 0 /\$100
67.	Total 20 Line D4	023 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following line 9 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with p	s (as applicable): Line 49, collution control).	\$ 0.061420 \(\s\ \)\$100

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³⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a)

^{*} Tex. Tax Code \$26,013(c)

⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code \$526.0501(a) and (c)

⁴ Yex. Local Gov't Code \$120,007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022 ⁵ Yex. Tax Code \$26,063(a)(1) ⁴ Tex. Tax Code \$26,012(8-a)

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26,063(a)(1)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 44 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	S De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$
69.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$\$
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$

SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year. 46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate. a
73.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$
78.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$\$
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$

⁴⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b) 47 Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	:: Amount/Rate
80. 2023 voter-approval tax ra Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (c (taxing units with the unused	te, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 d increment rate).	\$
SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate		
Indicate the applicable total tax rate	s as calculated above.	
No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2023 N Indicate the line number used:	INR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). 26	\$ 0.061586 /\$100
As applicable, enter the 2023 vo	oter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). 49	\$ 0.061420/\$100
De minimis rate	***************************************	\$
SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Re	presentative Name and Signature	
employee of the taxing unit and have	ing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the e accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified ance with requirements in the Tax Code. ⁵⁰	e designated officer or appraisal roll or certified
print here Laronica Smith		
Printed Name of Taxing Unit I	Representative	
sign here	N-1-23	
Taxing Unit Representative	Date	

⁵⁰ Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(c-2) and (d-2)